

- Formula for Arc Length:  $s = r\theta$   $\frac{\text{arc}}{360} = \frac{2\pi r}{360}$  or  $\frac{\text{rad}}{2\pi} \cdot 2\pi r$  radians  $\cdot$  radius  
 $\theta = \text{radians}$   $r = \text{radius}$

20. Find the measure of the central angle of a circle with radius 75ft and arc length of 60ft.

$\frac{60}{75} = \frac{75\theta}{75}$  what does that mean  $60 = 75 \times \frac{60}{75} = \frac{4}{3}$  or .8 radians  
 $.8 = \theta$   $\frac{\text{degrees or radians}}{\text{min sec}}$  radians =  $2\pi$

- Formula for Angular Speed:  $AS = \frac{\theta}{t}$
- Formula for Linear Speed:  $LS = \frac{r\theta}{t}$  or  $LS = AS \cdot r$   $\frac{\text{circumference} = 2\pi r}{\text{min sec}}$ 
  - Notice, it is the same as the angular speed formula but multiplied by r.

21. A lawn roller with a 10-inch radius makes 1.2 revolutions per second.

every revolution =  $2\pi$  radians

a.  $\frac{1.2 \cdot 2\pi}{\text{sec}} = 2.4\pi \text{ rad/sec}$  Find the angular speed of the roller in radians per second:

b.  $\frac{r\theta}{t} = \frac{10 \cdot 2.4\pi}{\text{sec}} = 24\pi \frac{\text{in}}{\text{sec}} \approx 75.398 \text{ in/sec}$  Find the linear speed of the tractor that is pulling the roller:

22. A car has tires with a 20 inch diameter and they turn at 1.5 revolutions per second.

$r = ?$

$1.5 \cdot 2\pi = \text{angle rotated}$   
 $3\pi =$

a.  $\frac{3\pi \text{ rad} \cdot 60 \text{ sec}}{1 \text{ min}} = 180\pi \text{ rad/min}$  Find the angular speed of the tire in radians per minute:

b.  $180\pi \cdot 10 = 1800\pi \text{ in/min}$  How fast is the car traveling down the road?:

$LS = AS \cdot r$   
 could you convert this to mph  
 $\frac{1800\pi \text{ in}}{1 \text{ min}} \cdot \frac{5 \text{ min}}{1 \text{ hr}} \cdot \frac{1 \text{ ft}}{12 \text{ in}} \cdot \frac{1 \text{ mi}}{5280 \text{ ft}}$   
 $12 \text{ in} = 1 \text{ ft}$   
 $5280 \text{ ft} = 1 \text{ mi}$   
 $60 \text{ min} = 1 \text{ hr}$