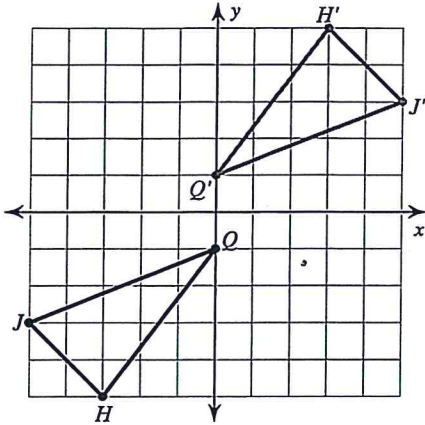


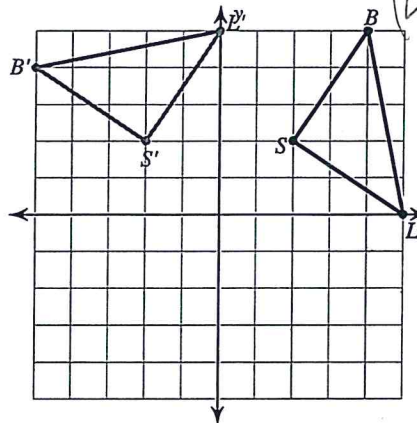
Rotations of Shapes

Graph the image of the figure using the transformation given.

1) rotation 180° about the origin

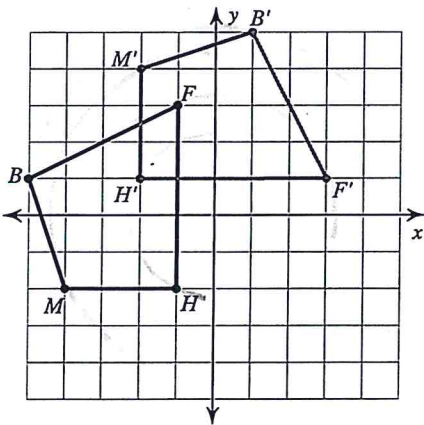


2) rotation 90° counterclockwise about the origin



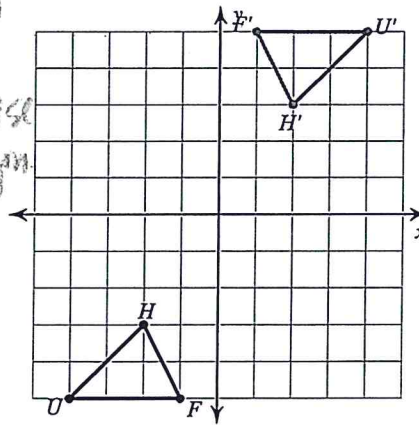
ΔXYZ
reflects ΔBSL
across $y = 1$
(yes, they will overlap.)

3) rotation 90° clockwise about the origin



rotate $FBMH$
 270°
counterclockwise
about the origin

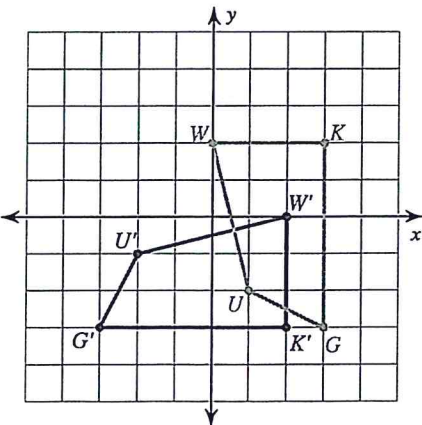
4) rotation 180° about the origin



$\Delta H'U'F'$
reflects $H'U'F'$
across $x = 1$

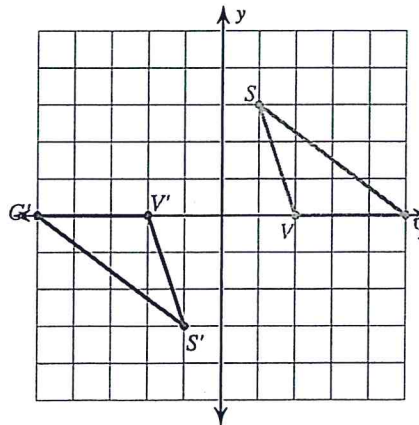
5) rotation 90° clockwise about the origin

$U(1, -2), W(0, 2), K(3, 2), G(3, -3)$



6) rotation 180° about the origin

$V(2, 0), S(1, 3), G(5, 0)$



rotate ΔVSG
 270° clockwise
around $(1, 1)$
to get ΔUWX