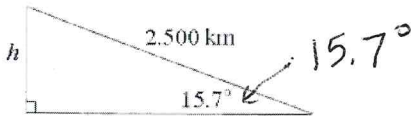


Geometry Right Triangle Quizzie – 15 pts

1) Find the length AB for A(5,-12) and B(-3,4).
Use distance formula. Show work.

3) Write the standard form equation of the circle with center (-8,15) and radius of 17 units.

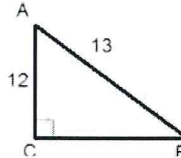
5) Find length of h using trig ratio equation. Write a second step to the equation to show how you solved it. Write the solution to the nearest whole number with correct units.



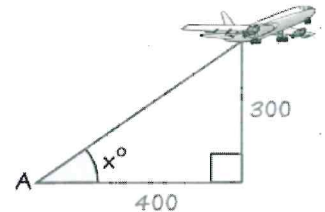
Good luck to _____

2) Give the center (h,k) and the radius r for the circle: $x^2 + (y - 5)^2 = 81$

4) Write the sin B and cos A for $\triangle ABC$'s acute angles.



6) Find the angle of elevation for the following sketch. Write equation and rewrite in correct form for the calculator. Answer to the nearest whole degree.



Geometry Right Triangle Quizzie – 15 pts

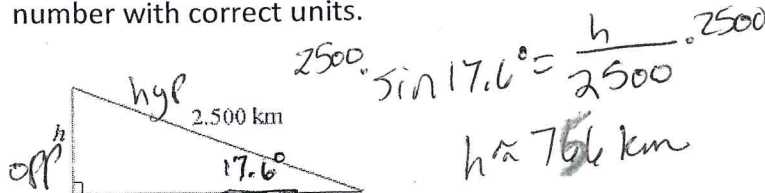
1) Find the length AB for A(5,-12) and B(-3,4).
Use distance formula. Show work.

2 pts $\sqrt{8^2 + 16^2} = \sqrt{64 + 256}$
 $= \sqrt{320}$
 ≈ 17.9 units

3) Write the standard form equation of the circle with center (-8,15) and radius of 17 units. 17² OR

2 pts $(x+8)^2 + (y-15)^2 = 289$

5) Find length of h using trig ratio equation. Write a second step to the equation to show how you solved it. Write the solution to the nearest whole number with correct units.



4 pts

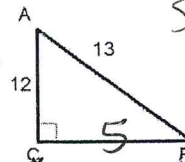
OR 766 if you thought it was 2,500

Good luck to _____

2) Give the center (h,k) and the radius r for the circle: $x^2 + (y - 5)^2 = 81$

(0,5) center r=9 2 pts

4) Write the sin B and cos A for $\triangle ABC$'s acute angles.



$\sin B = \frac{12}{13}$ 2 pts
 $\cos A = \frac{12}{13}$

6) Find the angle of elevation for the following sketch. Write equation and rewrite in correct form for the calculator. Answer to the nearest whole degree.

$\tan x = \frac{400}{800}$

$\tan^{-1}\left(\frac{4}{8}\right) = x$

$x \approx 27^\circ$

